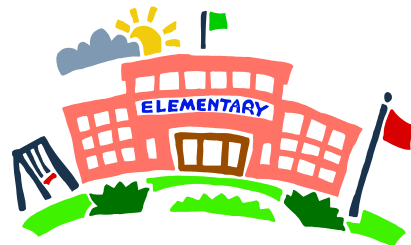


Drivers of Asthma in School Children

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March 22, 2024 11:55-12:30

Severe Asthma Update
S. Jean Emans, MD, Professor of Pediatrics
Harvard Medical School
Director, Clinical Research Center
Asthma, Allergy, & Immunology
Dermatology & Rheumatology
Boston Children's Hospital



**HARVARD
MEDICAL SCHOOL**

Disclosures

- ABAI Board of Directors, Secretary, and CAP-Co-Chair and MOC Co-Chair
- AAAAI Board of Directors
- Consulting GSK, Genentech, Novartis, Sanofi, Regeneron, Teva, Astra Zeneca- asthma therapies
- NIH funding

Objective

1. To understand the relevance of home and school exposures and other drivers and social determinants of asthma in school children
2. To identify interventions targeting the environment and supporting policies and change in support of schools
3. To take what we learned in schools to personalized strategies for difficult to control asthma

Case

- 7-year old Puerto Rican boy with frequent wheezing episodes.
- Referred to A/I/P specialist but has “no showed” to these two scheduled visits.
- Parents are divorced and mother immigrated 18 months ago
- Lapse in Medicaid coverage after family evicted from apt as landlord didn't pay mortgage
- Lives in a shelter near a major expressway
- Flovent 110mcg 2puffs twice daily – w/o spacer (no access)
- Allergen skin testing demonstrates positives to mouse allergen and dust mite
- He attends an urban school and notices his asthma symptoms are more pronounced at school

What are some of the drivers of asthma to consider in this scenario?

- **Social determinants of health (SDOH)** defined by WHO as “conditions in which people are born, grow up, live, work and age.”
- Influence health, risk of illness and life expectancy.
- Social inequities in health—the unfair and avoidable differences in health status across groups in society— due to uneven distribution of social determinants.



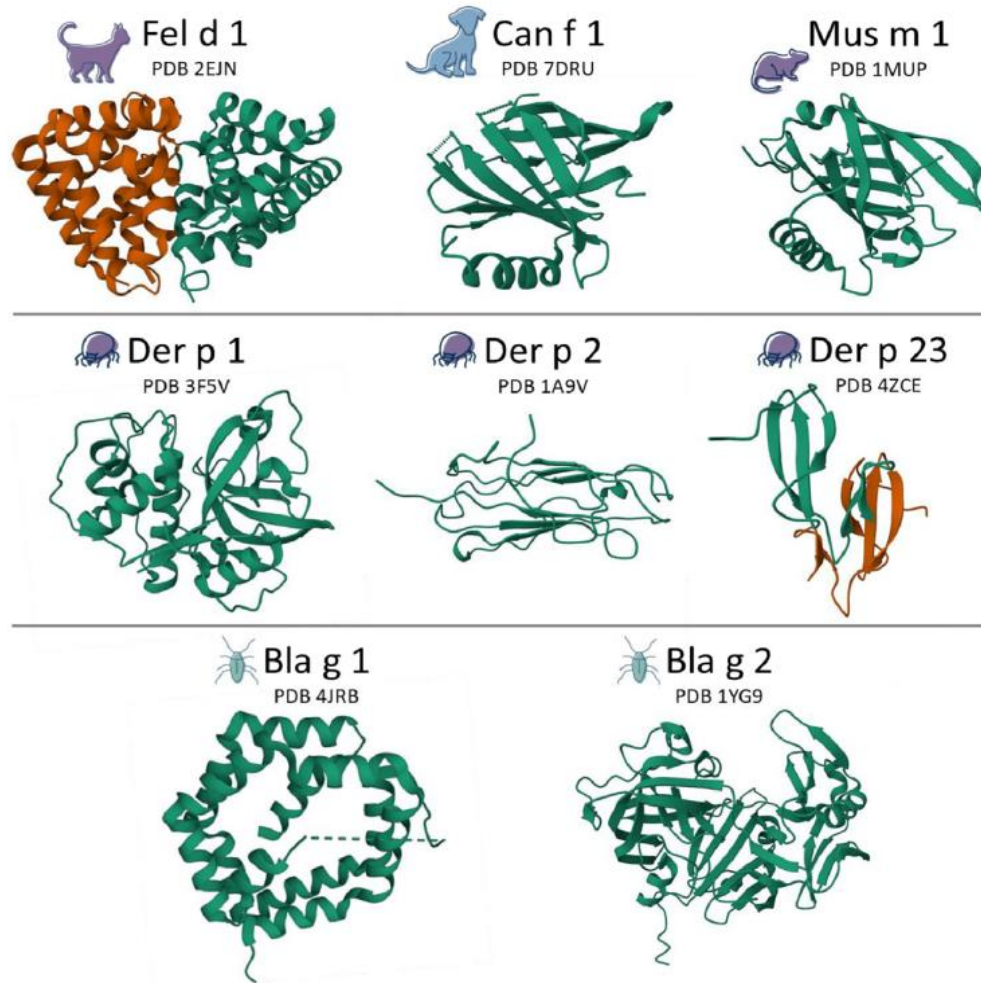
Addressing Drivers of Asthma by Focusing on Children's Environments



For the past 20 Dr. Wanda Phipatanakul has been asking why asthma hits so hard in urban and lower-income areas. (Image: AdobeStock/Illustration: Sebastian Stankiewicz. Boston Children's Hospital)

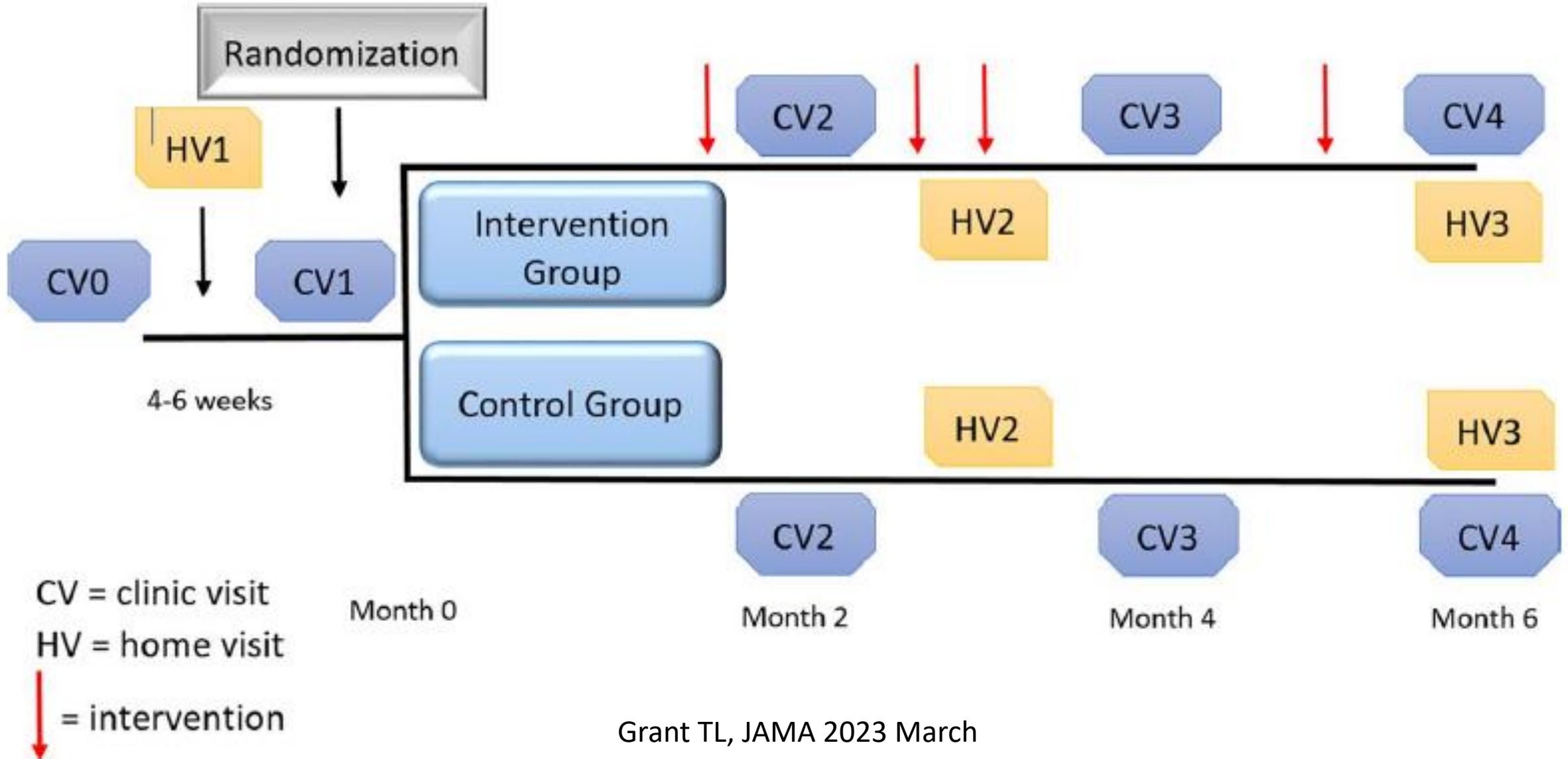
<https://answers.childrenshospital.org/asthma-inequities/>

Exposure Thresholds that Predictably Result in Allergic Response



DOSE in dust $\mu\text{g/g}$	
Mite	1-50
Cat	0.5-25
Roach	0.1-16
Mouse	2-30
Dose (airborne)	10-200 ng/m^3
Annual exposure	1-1000 μg

Comprehensive Home Environmental Intervention and Step Controller Titration





Indoor environmental exposures and obstructive lung disease phenotypes among asthmatic children living in poor, urban neighborhoods

Air trapping was defined as an FVC z score of less than 21.64 or a change in FVC with bronchodilation of >_10% predicted.



Baltimore City



Mouse-sensitized Children with Asthma



↑ Mouse Allergen Exposure



23%↑ Odds of Air Trapping per 2-fold↑ in Mouse Allergen

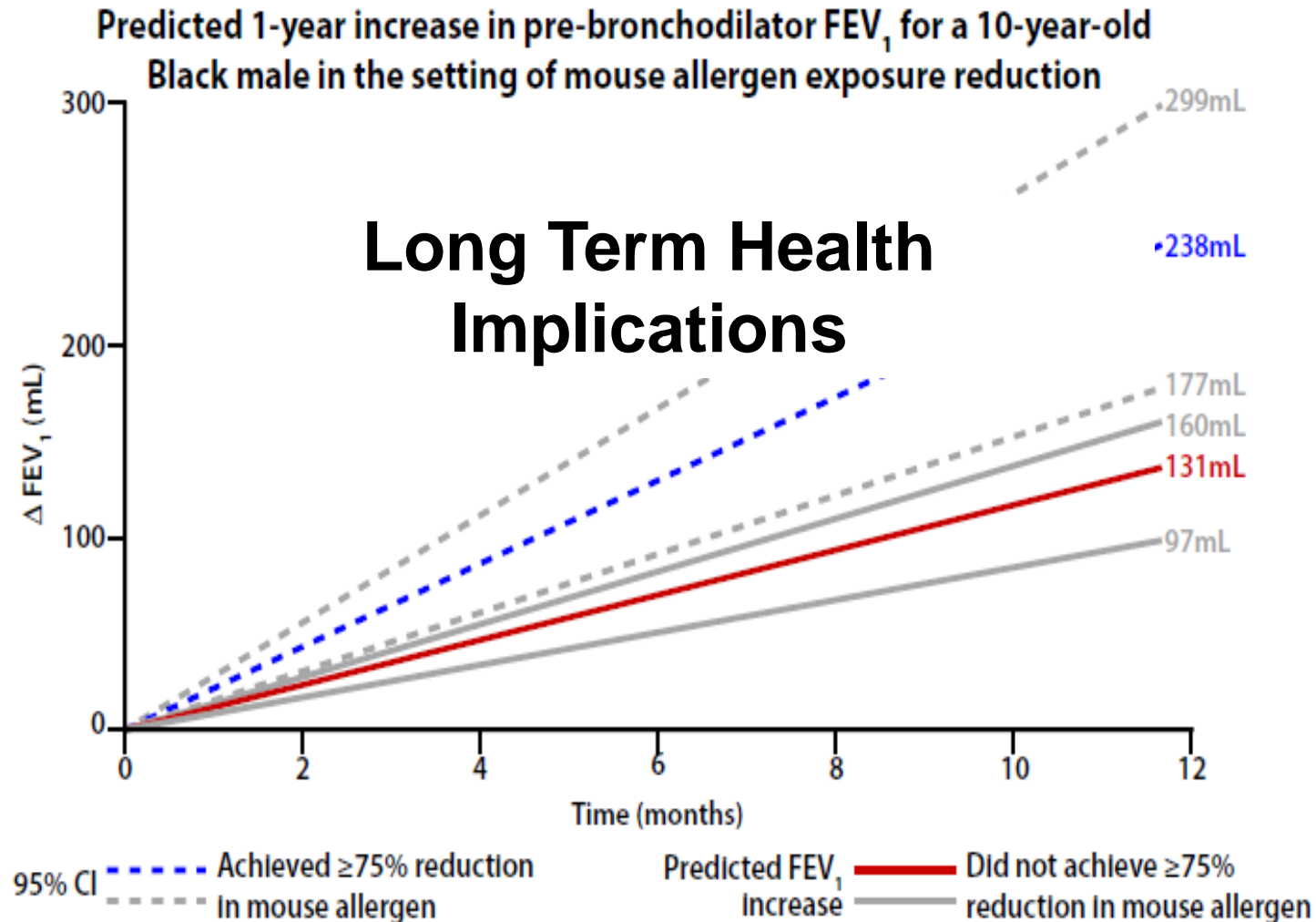


Cockroach, dog, cat, PM, and air nicotine exposures were not associated with air trapping

Grant T, JACI 2022



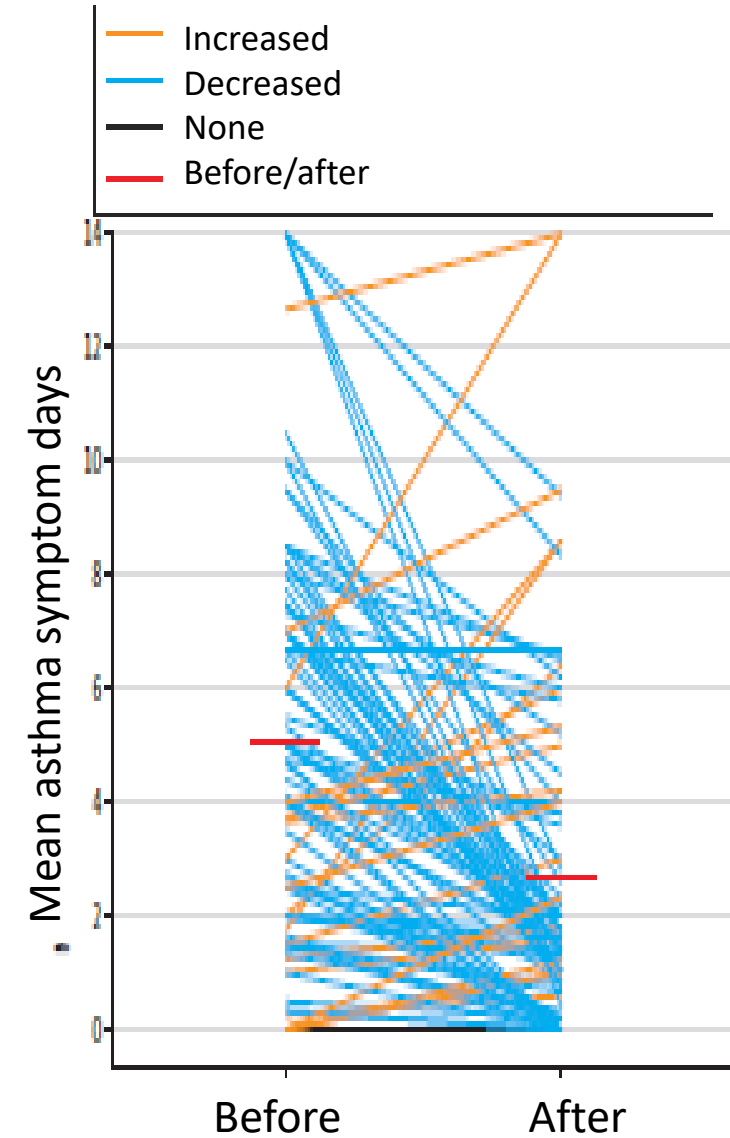
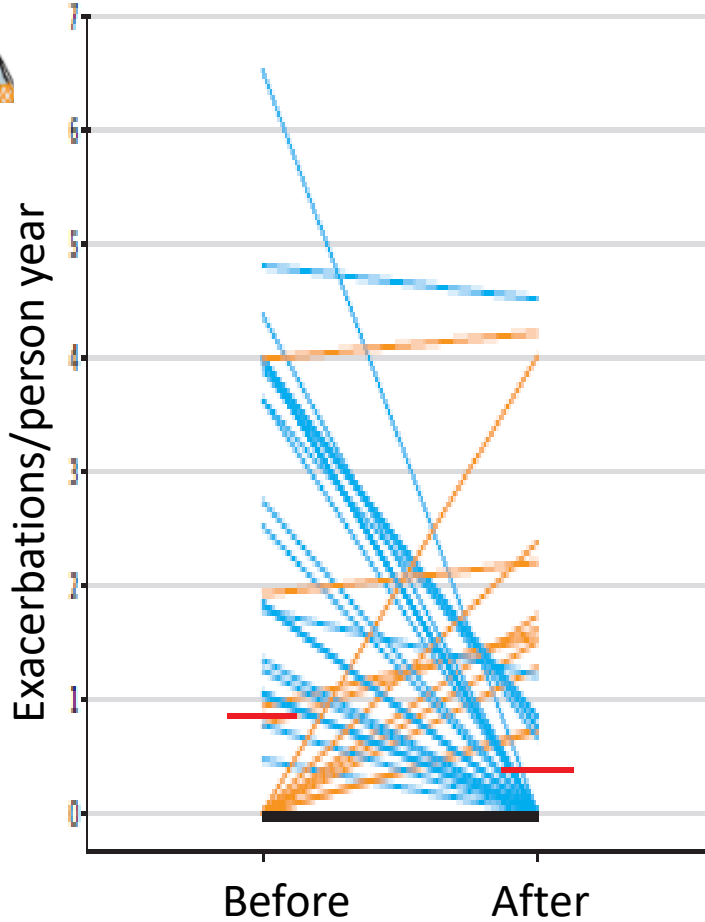
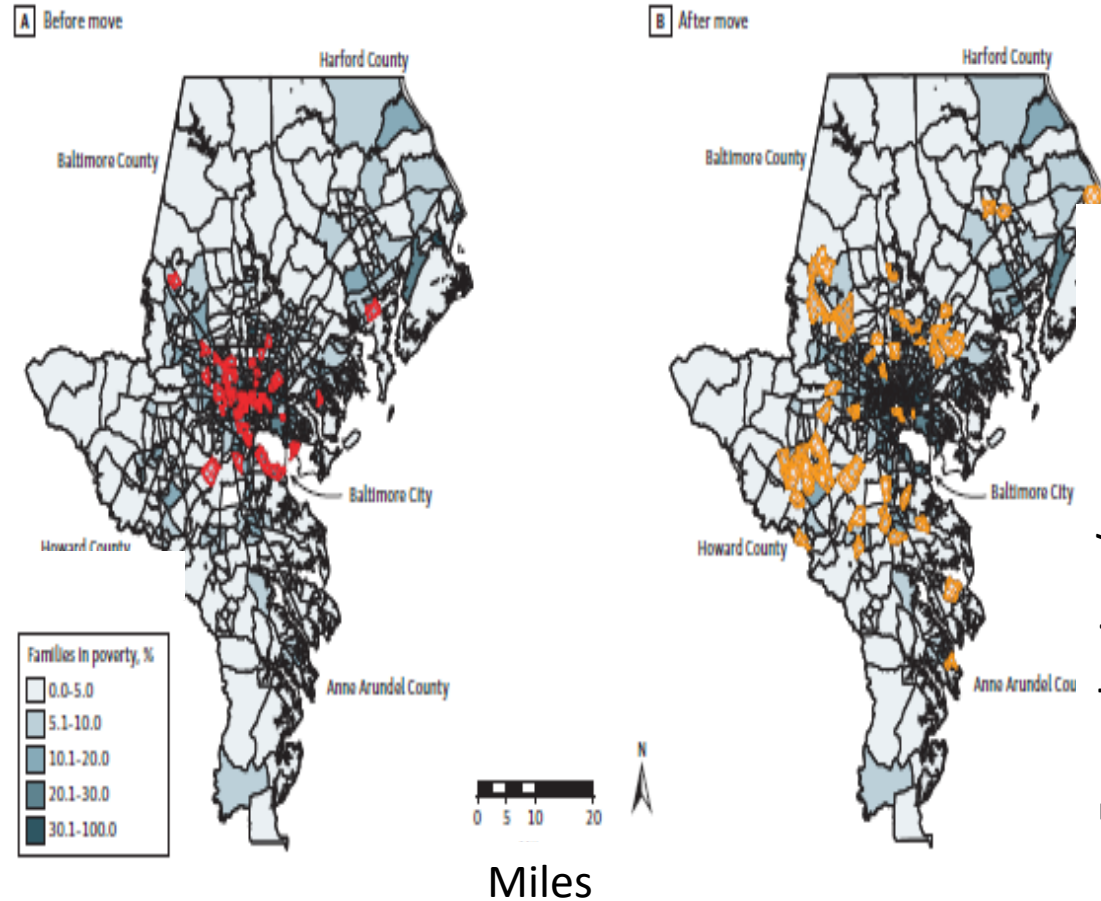
Reducing Allergen Exposure Increase Lung Growth



Association of a Housing Mobility Program With Childhood Asthma Symptoms and Exacerbations

BEFORE MOVE

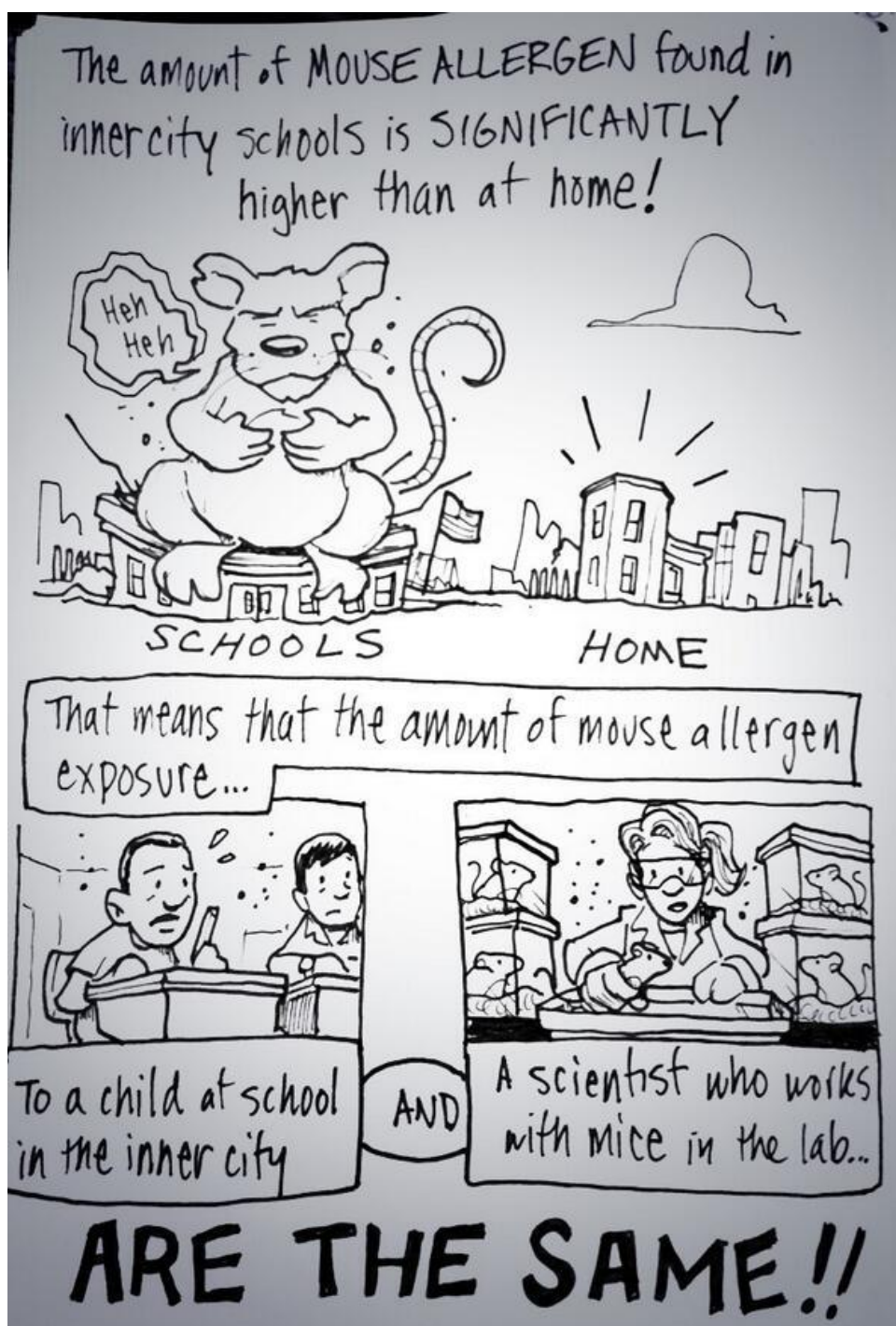
AFTER MOVE

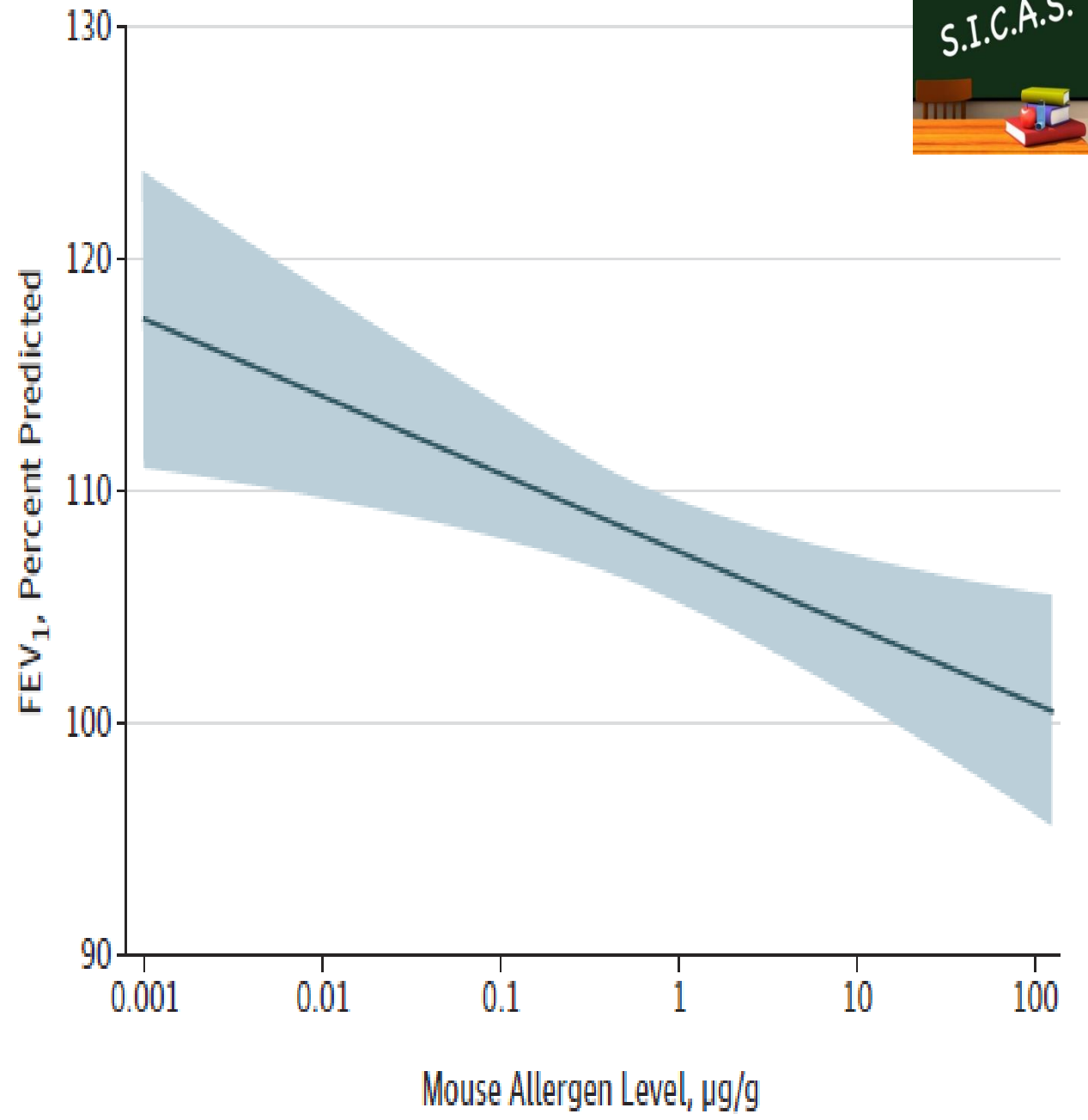
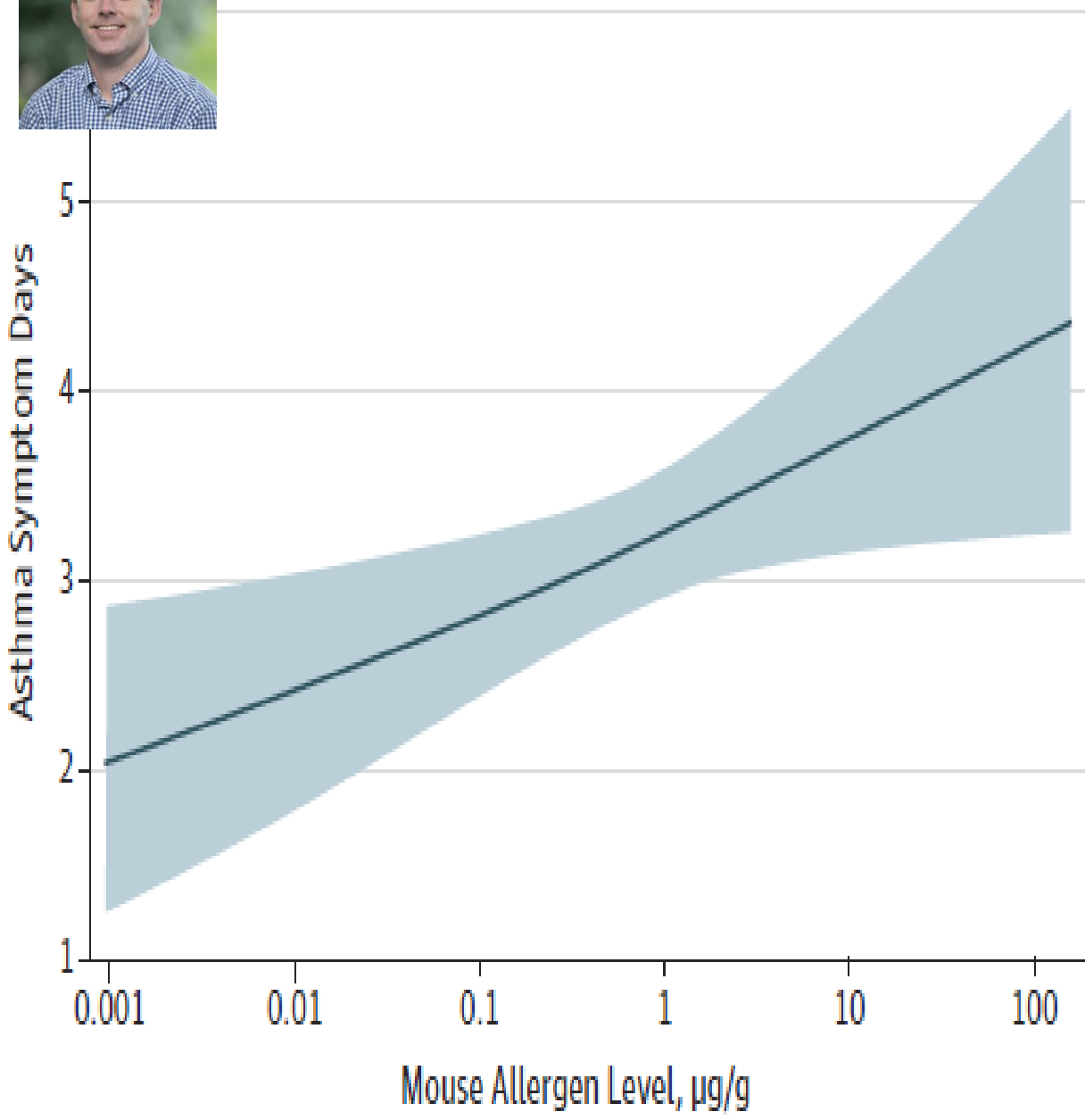


We know home environments are key drivers of asthma- what about schools?

Twitter:
Booster Shot Comics
@BoosterShotCmx

What did Dr. Phipatanakul find in her study on inner city schools? Spoiler: its totally mice #AAAAI #graphicmedicine





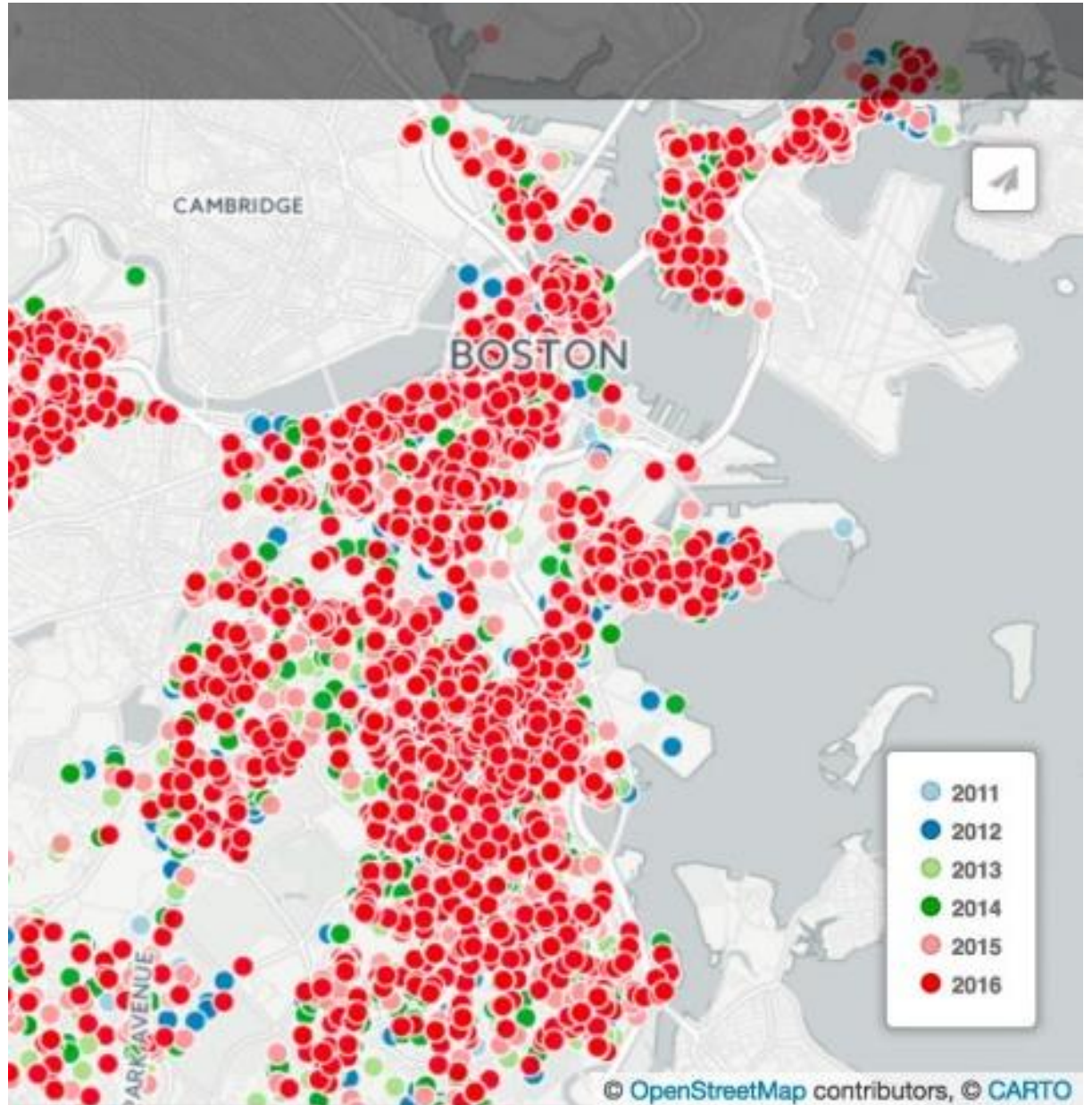


America Is on the Verge of Ratpocalypse

Warmer weather is fueling a rodent surge, straining public health systems and the economy. It's time for the federal government to step in.

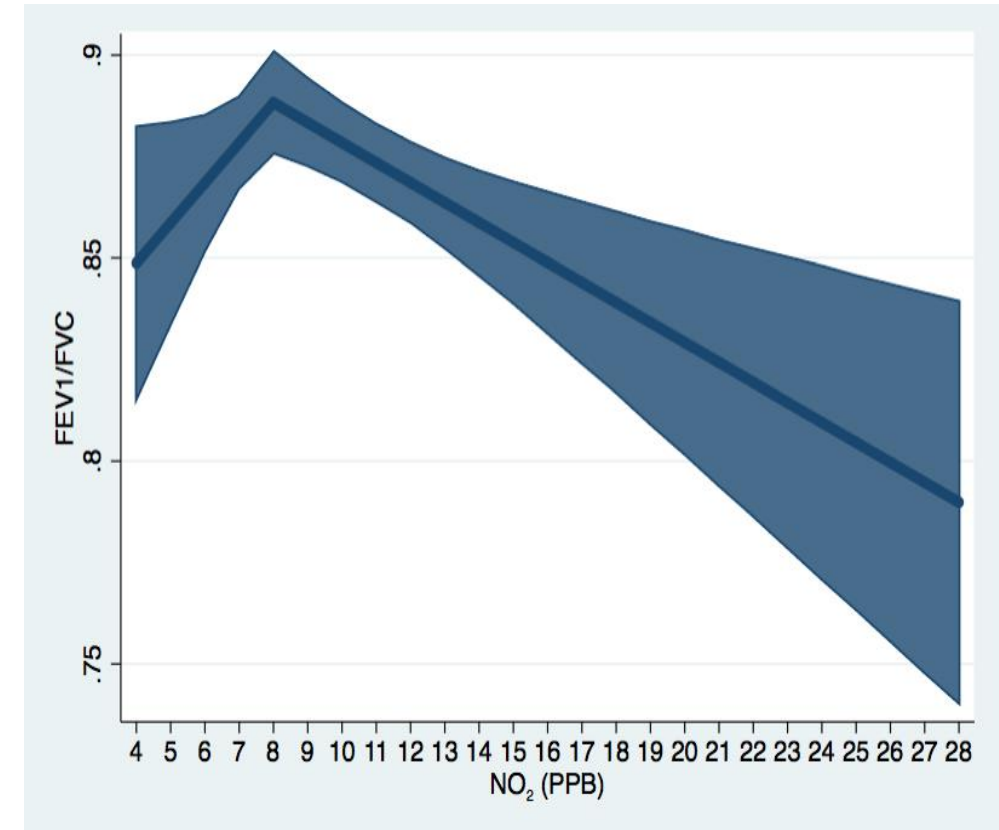
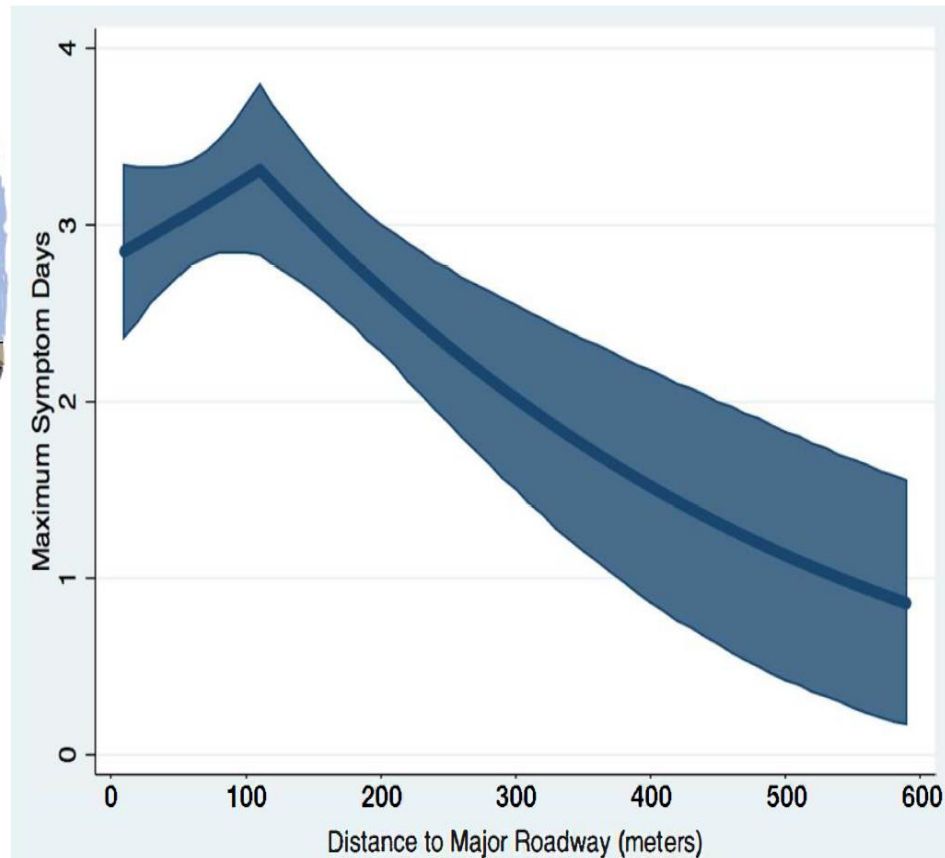
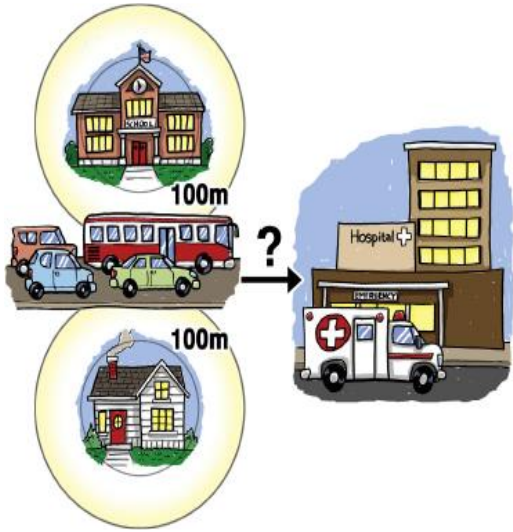
By **EMILY ATKIN** | August 23, 2017

Bobby Corrigan is the rat master. Some call him the rat czar. To others, he is simply a rodentologist, or as NBC recently described him, “one of the nation’s leading experts on rats.” Call him what you want; he is mostly alarmed. “I travel all over the world with this animal, and the amount of complaints and feedback and questions I hear





Urban schools, traffic and distance to roadways, air pollution and asthma morbidity



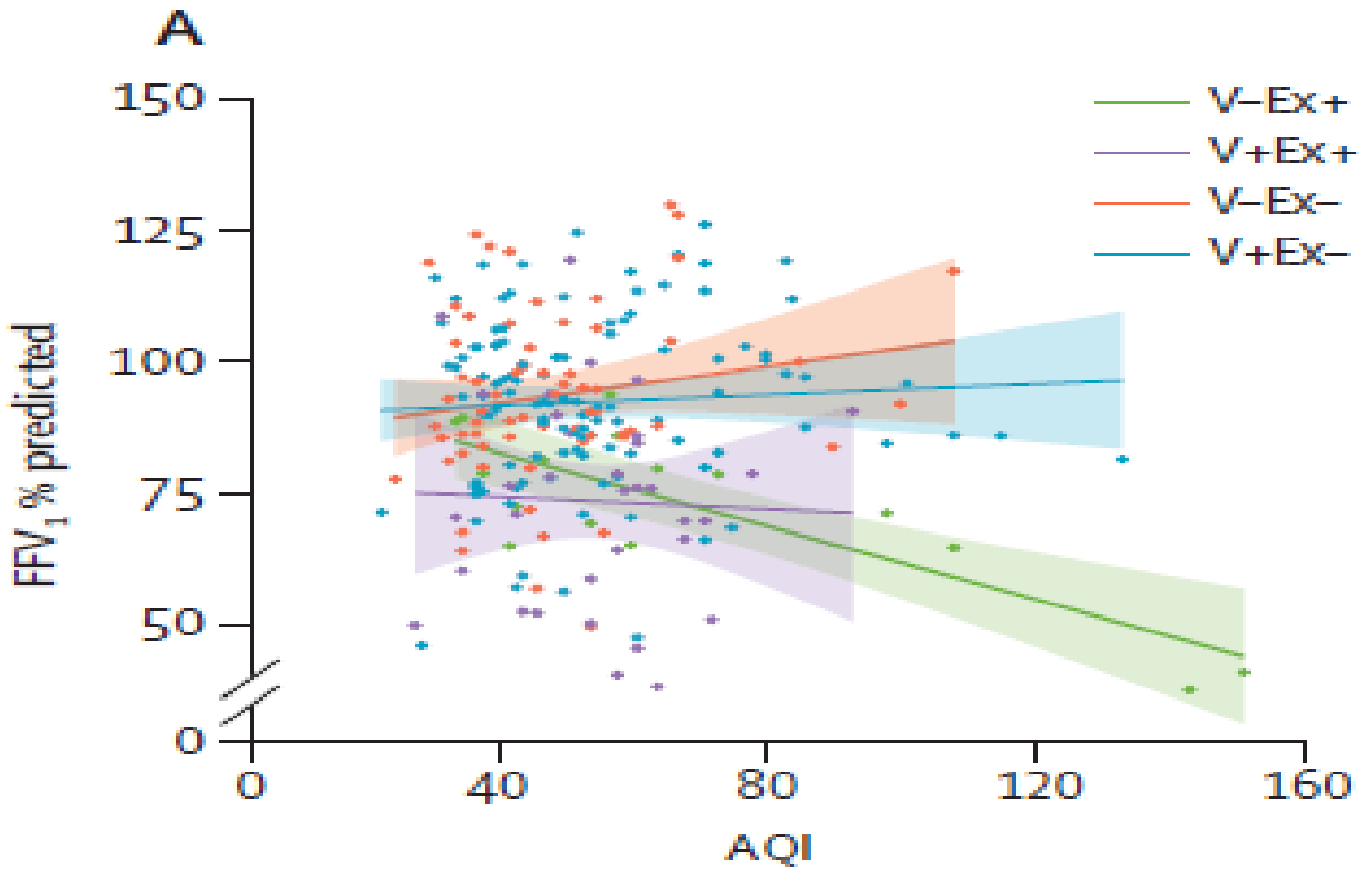
Air pollutants in low-income urban areas linked with youth asthma attacks:

Researchers were able to connect individual pollutants with certain changes in airway functions and T2 inflammatory gene expression during the attacks.

By [Gianna Melillo](#) | Jan. 05, 2023 *Changing America*

Data from children living in low-income urban areas across the country show direct relationship

to ozone and fine particulate matter exposure that are associated with asthma attacks.



Altman M, et al *Lancet Planet Health* 2023

V= viral event
Ex= Exacerbation



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www.jacionline.org

THE JOURNAL OF Allergy AND Clinical Immunology

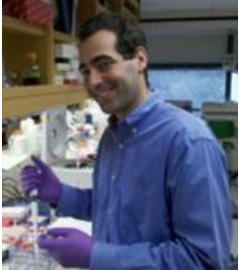


Establishing School-Centered Asthma Programs

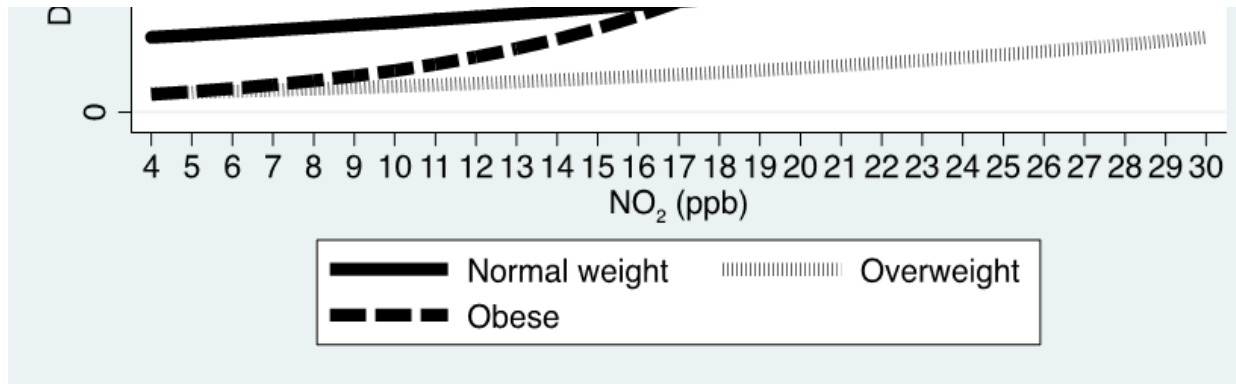
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF
AAAAI
American Academy of
Allergy Asthma
& Immunology



How does BMI interact with school pollution exposure and asthma?



Strategies to normalize BMI (diet and exercise) and improve school environment is critical

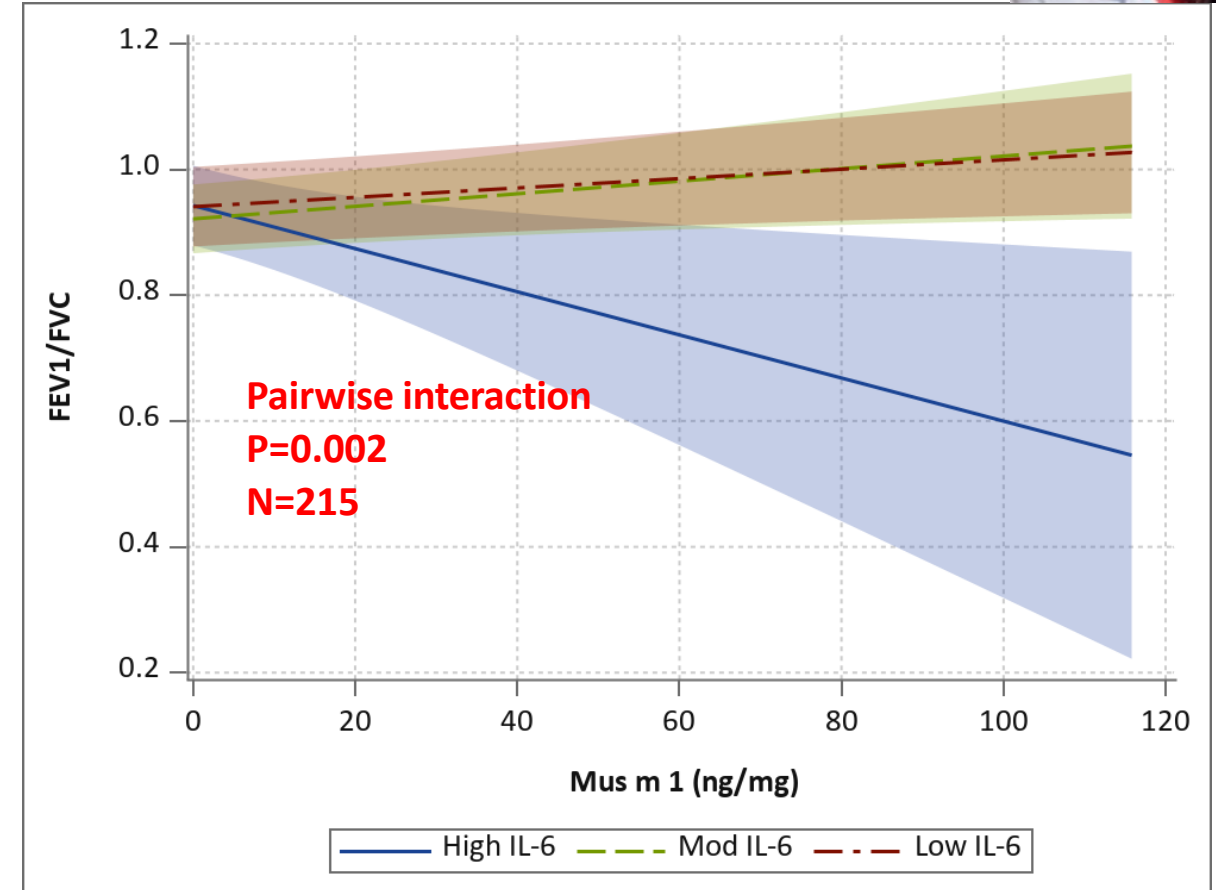
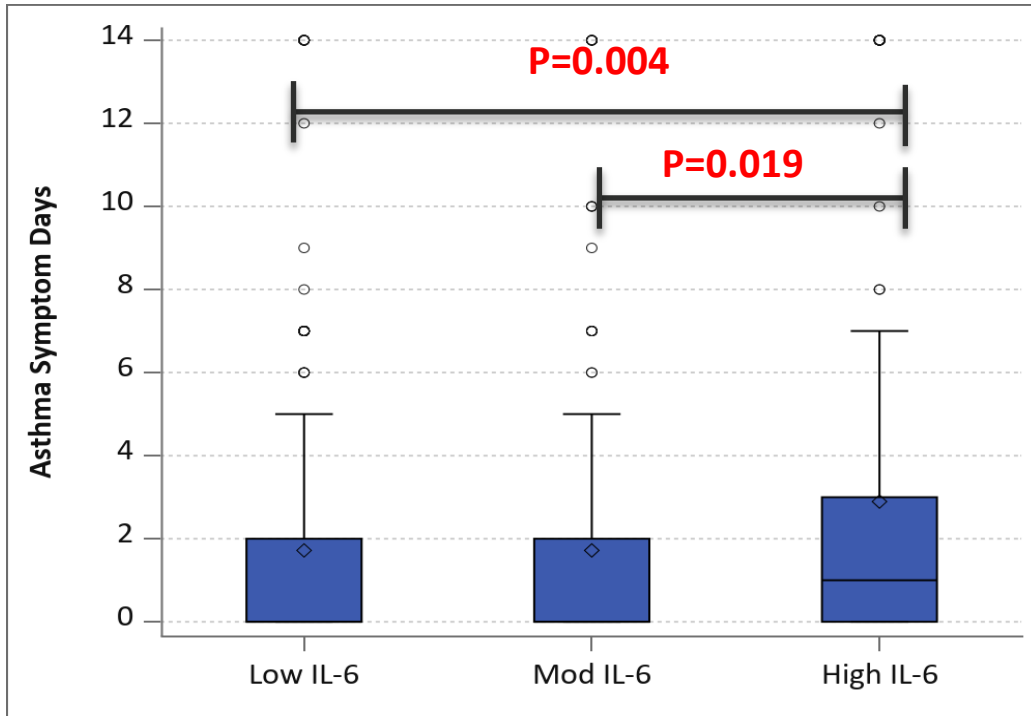


Permaul P, et al JACI Oct 2020

Relationships further modified by cytokines such as IL6

Permaul P, Peters MC, et al JACI In Practice 2021- Severe Asthma Research Program

High Plasma IL-6 Levels May Enhance the Adverse Effects of Mouse Allergen Exposure in Urban Schools on Asthma Morbidity in Children



Inner-city kids with high IL-6 show more asthma symptoms, susceptibility to mouse aller

Key takeaways:

- Asthma and high IL-6 levels were linked with increased BMI and elevated C-reactive protein levels.
- High IL-6 levels increase susceptibility to the effects of classroom exposure to mouse allergens.



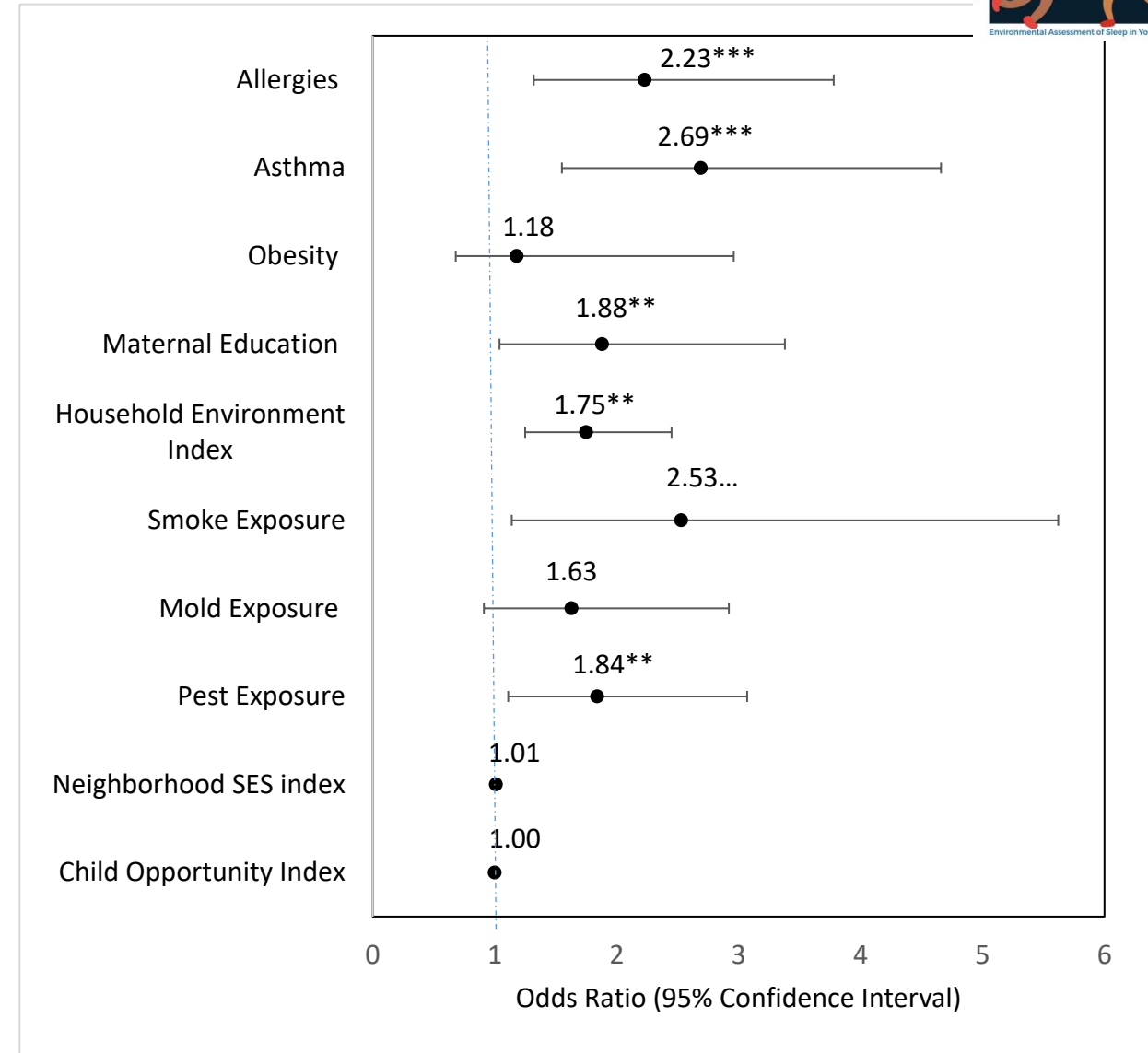
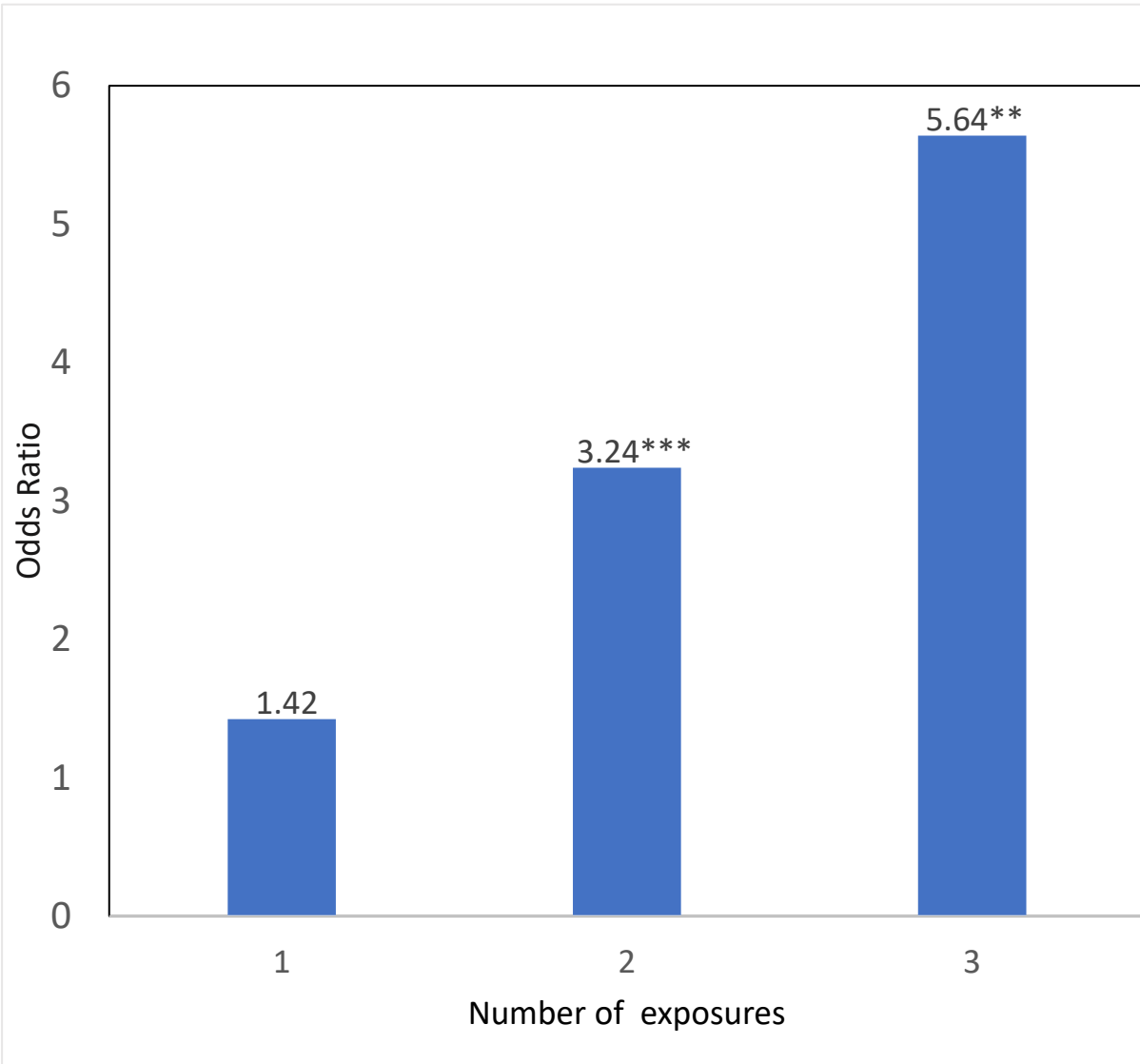
Neighborhoods with more opportunity associated with less pediatric asthma

Key takeaways:

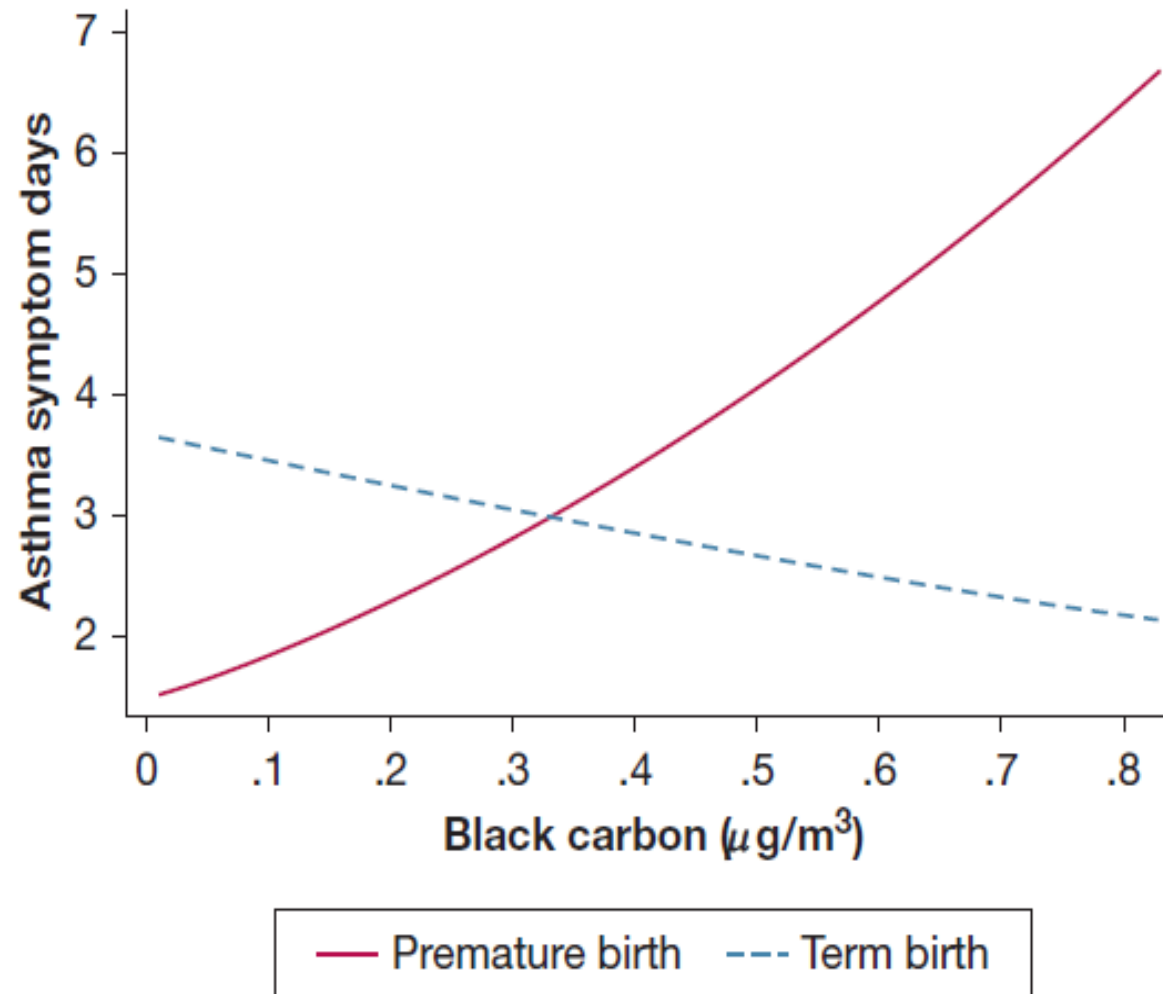
- 20.6% of children lived in areas with very high Child Opportunity Index (COI) and very low Social Vulnerability Index scores.
- High and very high COI was associated with lower asthma incidence.

Obstructive Sleep Apnea-18 score in children

Strongest predictors are asthma/allergies and smoking exposure

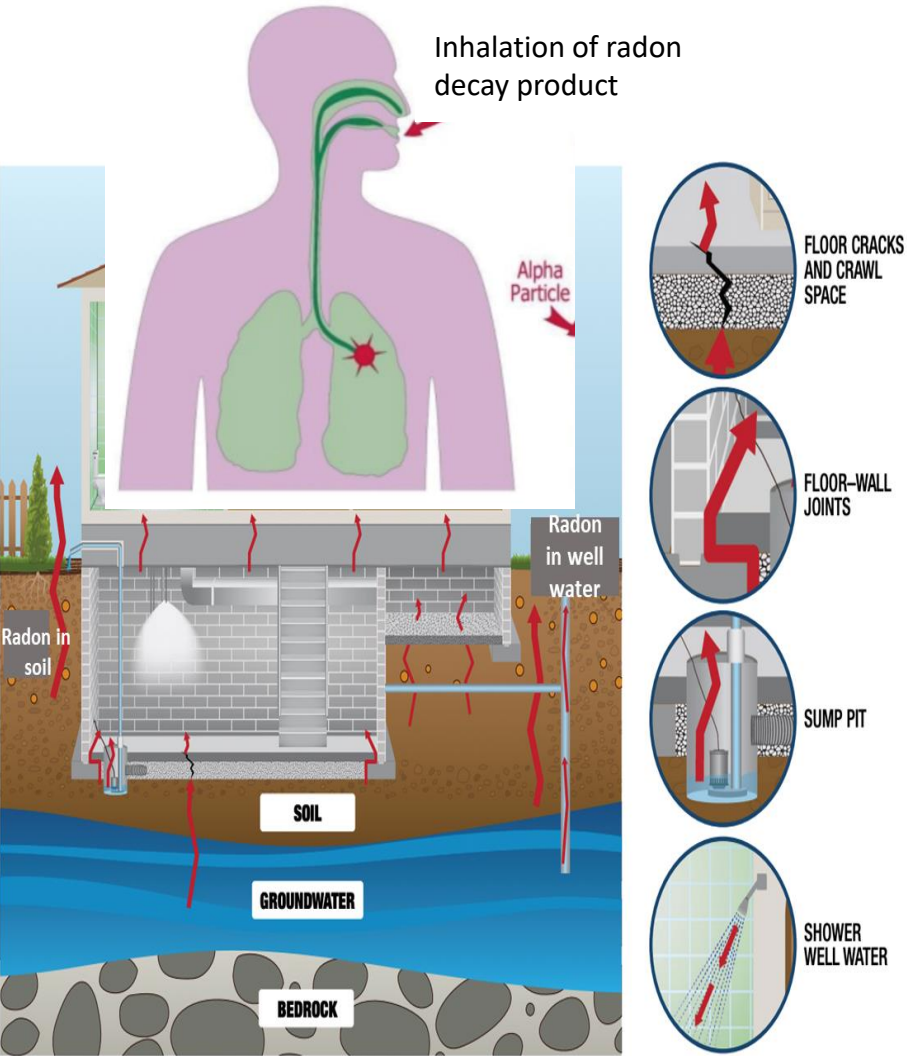


Differential Effect of School-Based Pollution Exposure in Children With Asthma Born Prematurely



Gaffin JM, Phipatanakul, Chest 2020

Radon exposure, Asthma and Airway Inflammation



CRCPD Publication No. E-18-2

Asthma Symptoms

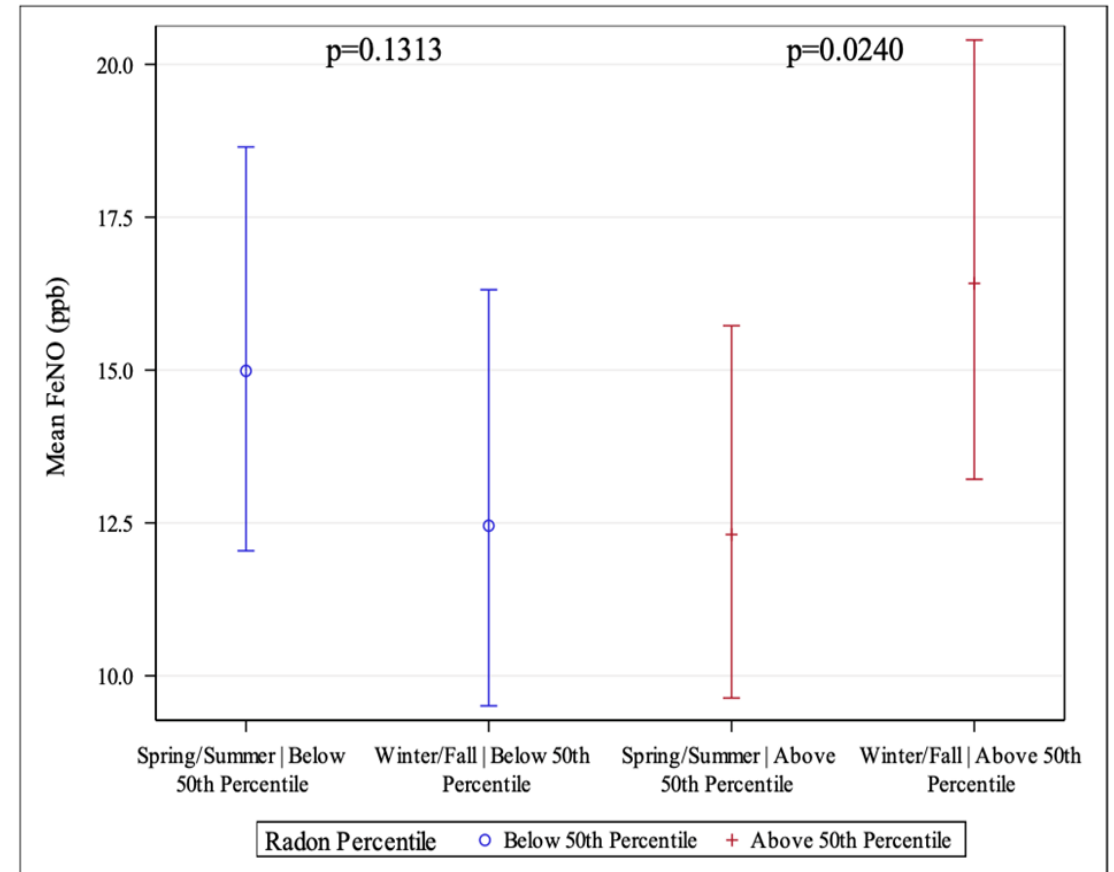
Radon

IRR

1.014

p-value,
95% CI

p=0.0273,
1.002 to 1.027



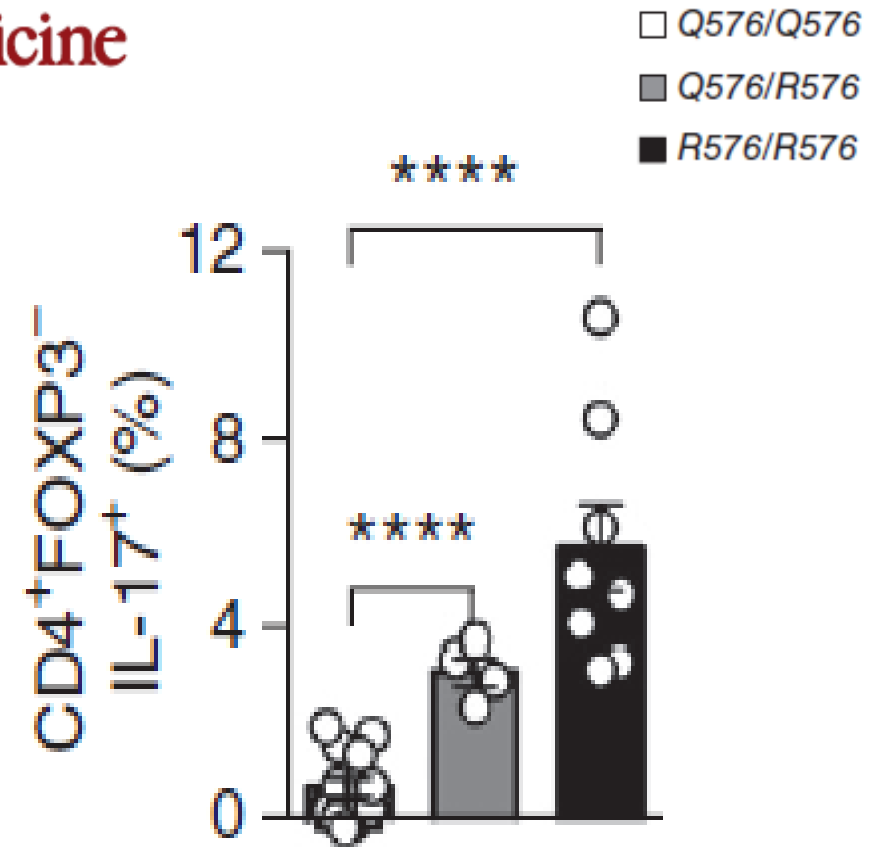
Taking what we learned in schools to Precision Medicine



An asthma associated IL4R polymorphism Increases Airway Inflammation by Conversion of regulatory T cells to Th₁₇-like Cells

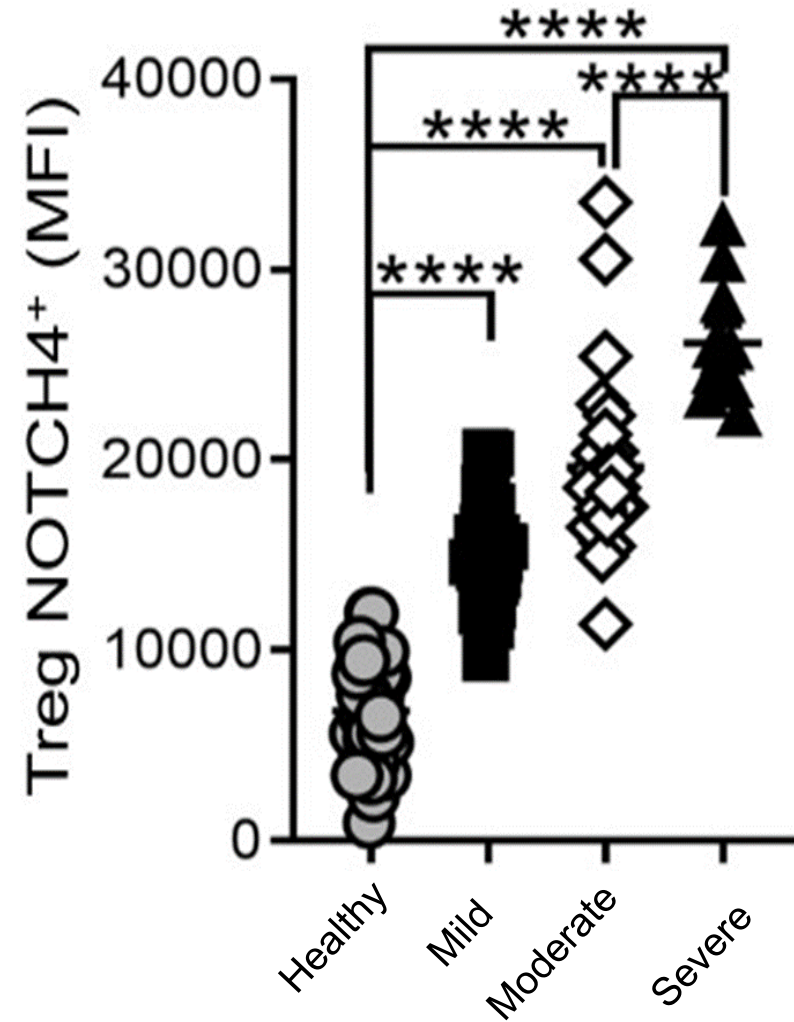
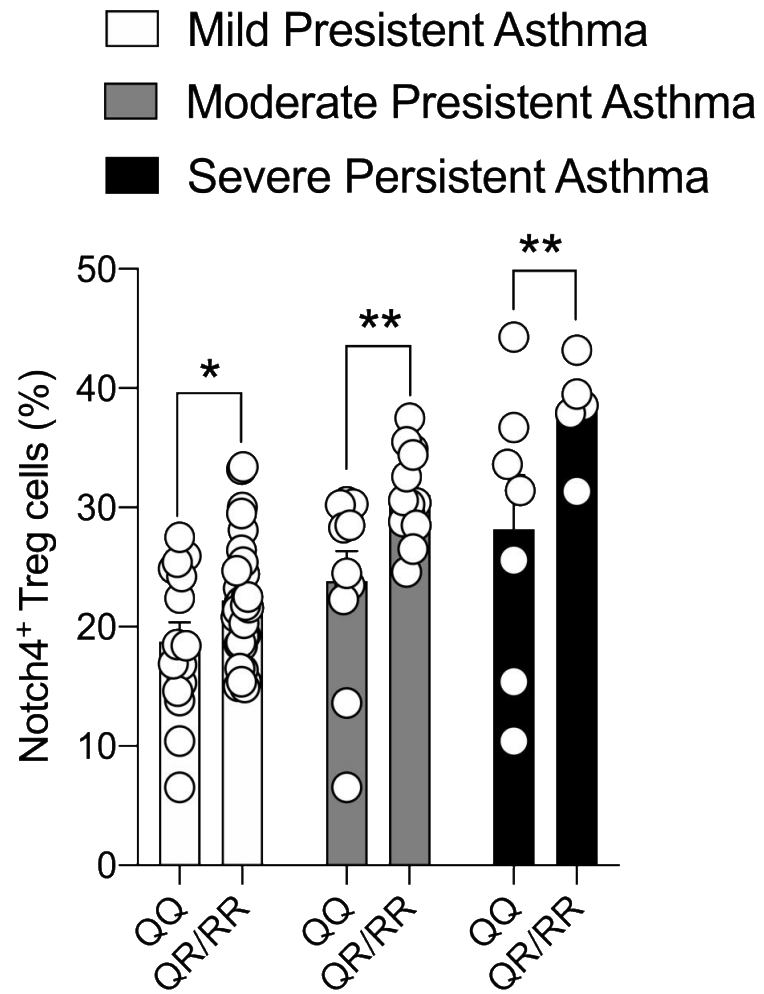
- IL-4R α -Q576R polymorphism- (glutamine (Q) to arginine R substitution at position 576 of the IL-4R α)
 - R allele frequency 68% (blacks/hispanics); 20% (whites)
 - R allele associated with severe asthma
 - Unique among *IL4R* polymorphisms, directly drives T_H2 to T_H17 inflammatory response in the airways
 - Dose response relation with severity
 - Endotoxin in schools is prevalent, associated with morbidity, and drives a Th2/Th17 skewing and appears to have negative, beneficial and equivocal effects in certain populations

nature
medicine

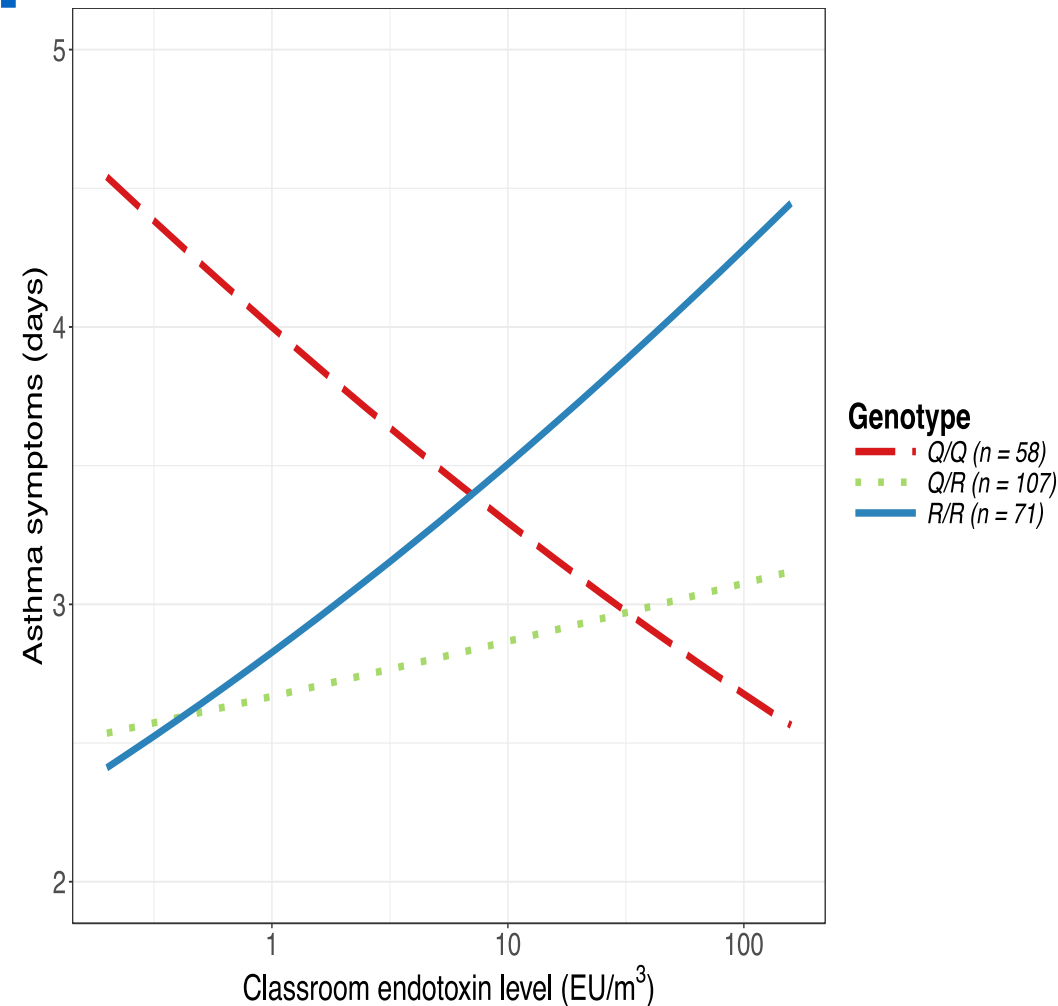


Massoud et al, Nat Med 2016; 22(9):1013-22

IL-4R α R576 impacts % circulating NOTCH4⁺ Tregs and asthma severity



Asthma Symptoms Differ by Genotype and School Specific Exposure



Q/Q wild type: Protective

Q/R heterozygous mutant: Equivocal

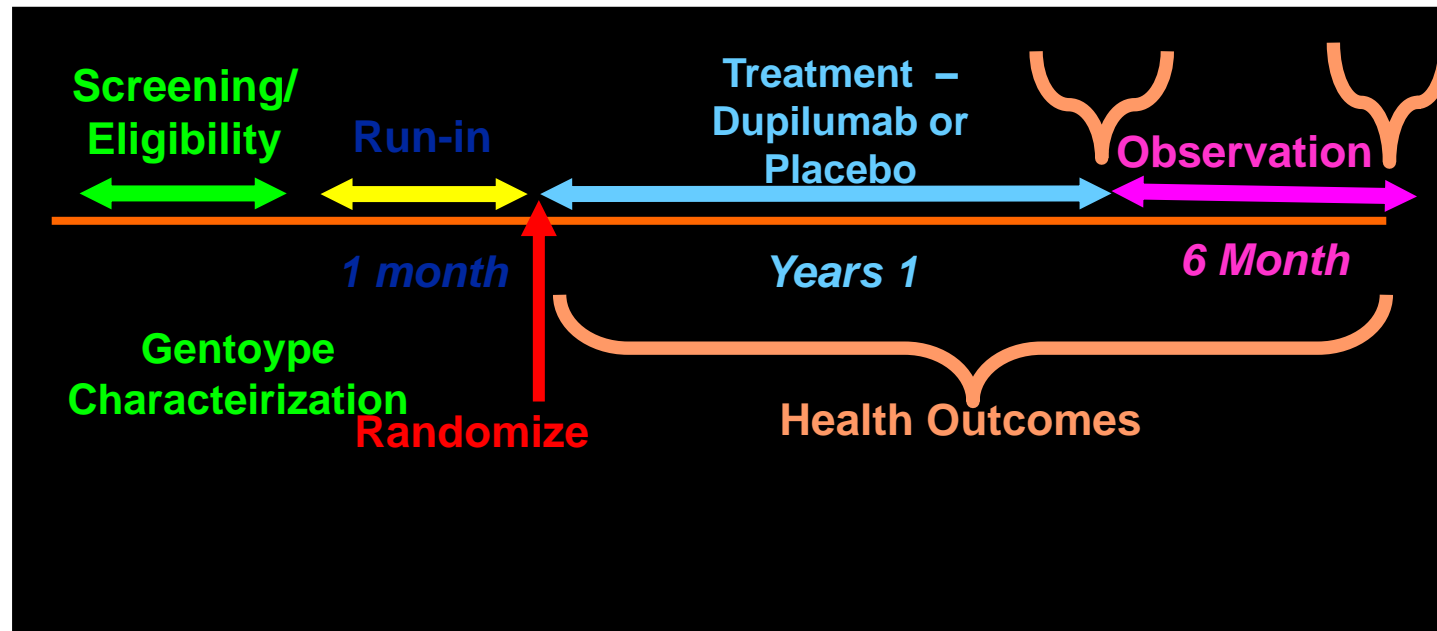
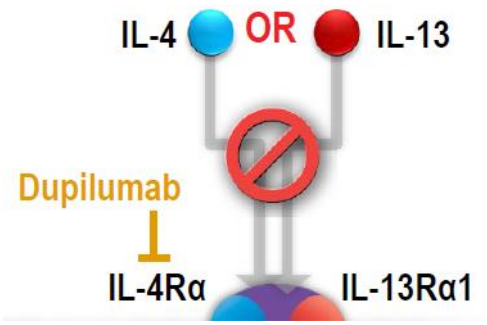
R/R homozygous mutant: Harmful



Investigating Dupilumab's Effect in Asthma by Genotype IDEA Trial
<https://ideaasthma.org>

Boston- Phipatanakul/Israel
New Jersey- Oppenheimer
Michigan- Kim/Zoratti
Cleveland-Kaleb
NY-Montefiore- Sjarawal
U Penn- Bamarjee

NIH U01 AI143514 – Phipatanakul/Chatila
3 Groups by Genotype 1: 1 Dupilumab vs. Placebo



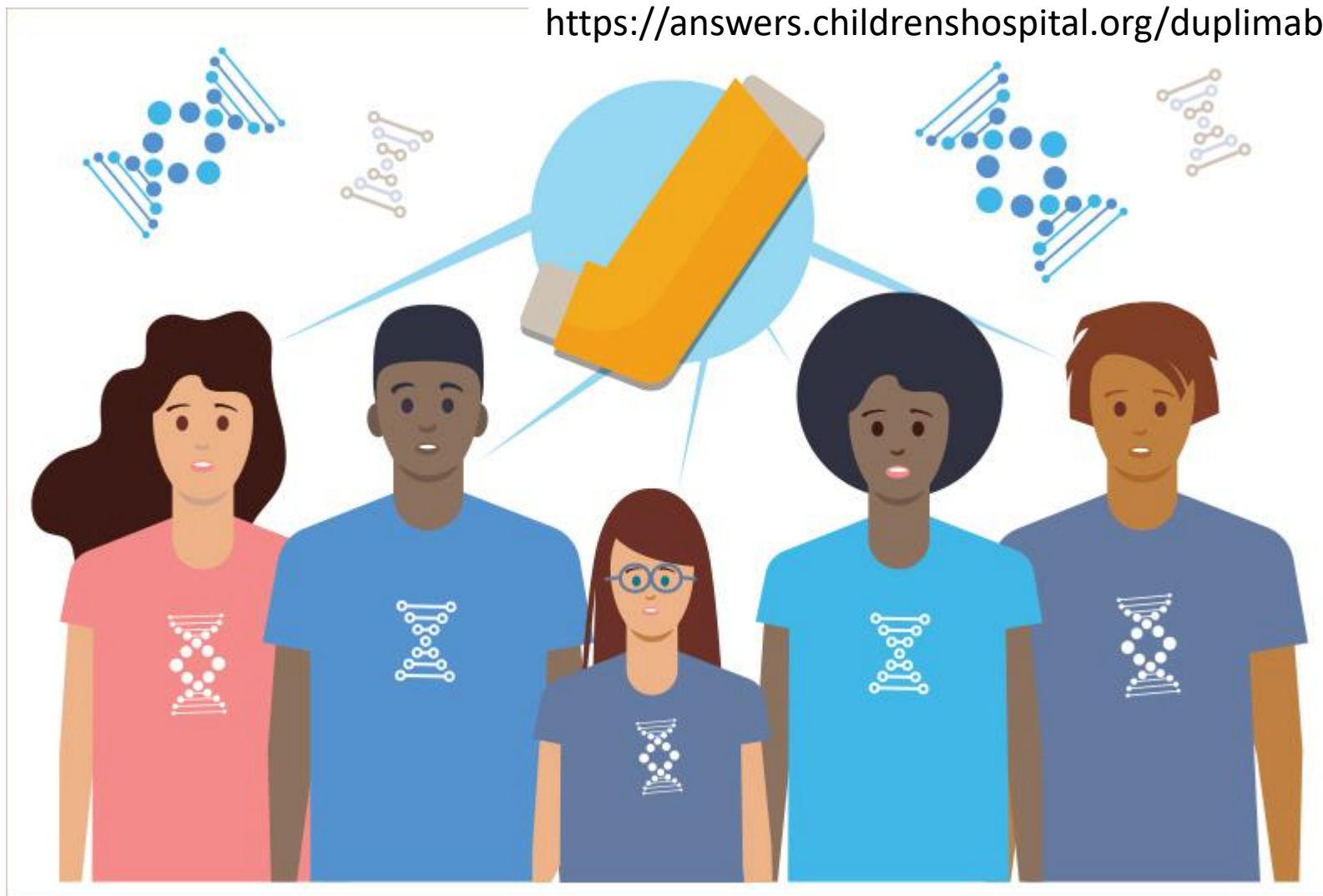
Will investigate genotype driven (personalized) response to therapy and study preliminary mechanisms in disease modification

Trial for severe asthma targets a mutation common in children of color

Posted on [September 7, 2021](#) by [Nancy Fliesler](#) | [Clinical](#), [Research](#)

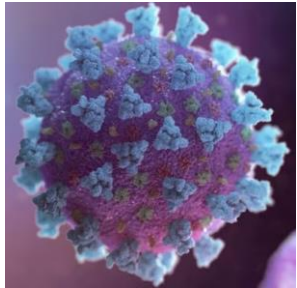
Tags: [asthma](#), [clinical trials](#), [genetics and genomics](#), [precision medicine](#)

<https://answers.childrenshospital.org/duplimab-asthma/>

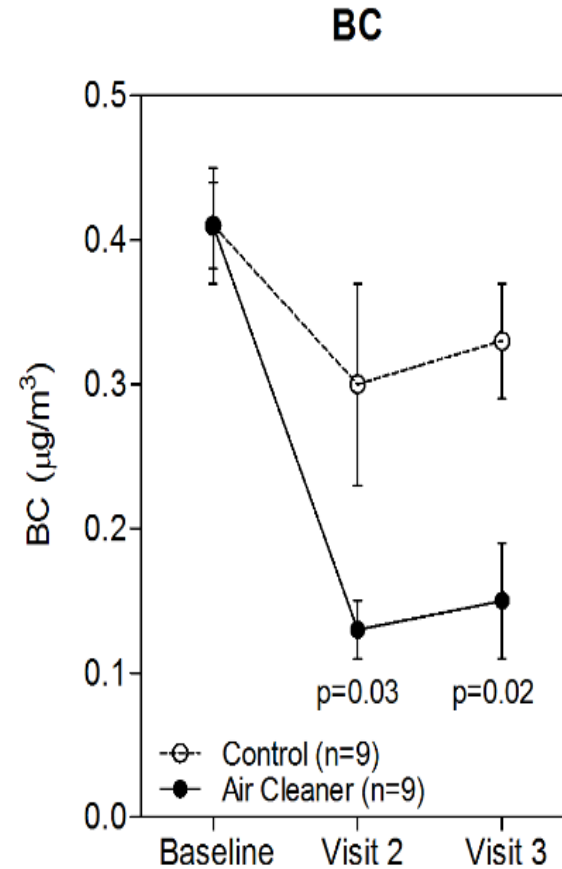
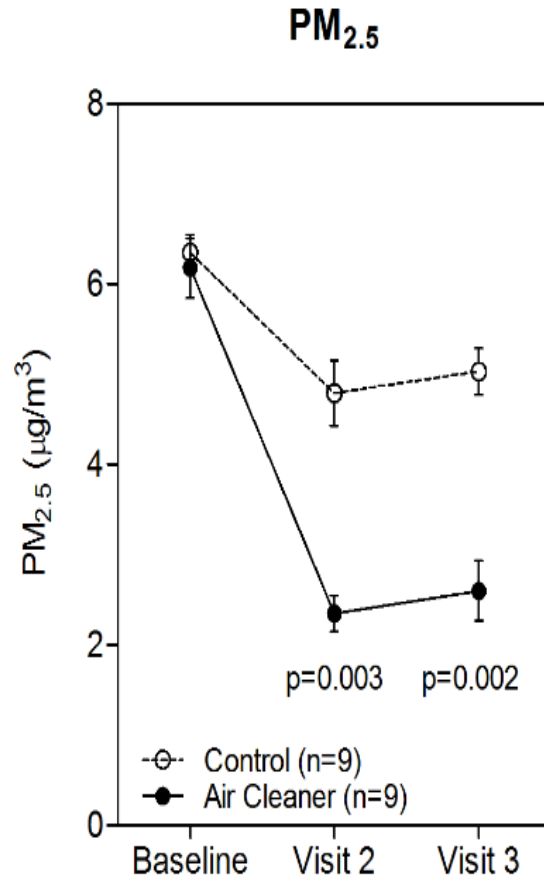


Future Directions

Classroom HEPA Filters Reduce Particulate Pollutants and Airborne Allergens Compared to Sham



BA.2.86



Novel NOTCH4 Pathway of Asthma Severity in Urban School Children (SICAS3) R01

Microbiome and asthma morbidity in school children R01

Molecular epidemiology of viruses in Schools R21

HEPA cleaners, and viruses in schools- R21 (SICAS 4)

In Summary...

- Drivers of asthma in school children include multiple social determinants of health
- Home and School environments (i.e. allergenic, pollutant, and viral exposures) play important role in asthma morbidity- specifically in vulnerable populations
- Vulnerable populations have risk factors that can guide effective interventions
- Host factors such as obesity, metabolic syndrome, cytokine responses, sleep disordered breathing, prematurity affect interactions allergenic/microbial and other exposures on health outcomes
- Genetic and environment interactions in a home/school setting have effects on disease- and precision therapeutic approaches are key to the future
- Fully understanding the complexity of these factors allow us to incorporate future strategies to provide healthy environments for kids in school, considering social determinants of health, and other precision therapeutic approaches
- Policies for fair and equitable resource allocation in underserved populations are important considerations- during and post pandemic

COLLABORATORS

- Talal Chatila, MD-Immunology/Genetics
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- Elliot Israel, MD-Clinical Trials
- Petros Koustrakis, PhD-Monitoring
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- Melody Duvall, MD, PHD R01 NHLBI

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- Lisa Bartnikas, MD, K23 AI125732 , LRP
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- Tina Banzon, MD K23 ES 03545
- Medine Jackson-Browne, PhD- Diversity Supplement- K23

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U01AI126614(Phipatanakul) PARK
Mech-Oettgen- Genentech
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U10HL146002 (Levy/Israel SARP)
U19AR069526- PEPR (Lai/Paller)
IOF GIS/Activity FitBit IOF
U01 HL 1300045 (Martinez)- ORBEX
UG1 HL139124 (Israel- PreCISE)
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U01AI152033-Geha/Phipatanakul- ADRN
U01 AI 160087- Phipatanakul/Chatila-CAUSE SICAS 3

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